

Five Year Integrated M.Sc. Examination, 2019

Semester-VIII

Course: MT-4-8-2A

(Analysis-IV)

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks: 40

Questions are of value as indicated in the margin.

Answer **any four** questions.

1. a) When are two norms on a linear space said to be equivalent? Prove that any two norms defined on a finite dimensional linear space are equivalent. 1+3
b) Verify that l_∞ (sequence space) is a Banach space w.r.t. a norm to be defined by you. 4
c) Let $(X, \|\cdot\|)$ be a normed linear space and $\{x_n\}$ be a sequence in X . Show that if $x_n \rightarrow x$ then $\|x_n\| \rightarrow \|x\|$. 2
2. a) Prove that every linear operator defined on a normed linear space is continuous iff it is bounded. 4
b) State Riesz Lemma and hence show that if a closed unit ball in a normed linear space X is compact then X is finite dimensional. 1+3
c) Prove that $\mathbb{R}^2$ is a normed linear space w.r.t. $\|\cdot\|$ defined by $\|x\| = \max\left\{\frac{|x_1|}{a}, \frac{|x_2|}{b}\right\}$ where $a, b > 0$ and $x = (x_1, x_2)$. 2
3. a) Prove that Dual space X^* of any normed linear space X is a Banach space. 5
b) Let $T: C[a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $T(x) = \int_a^b x dt$, $x \in C[a, b]$. Show that T is a bounded linear operator and find $\|T\|$. 5
4. a) Show that every inner product space is a normed linear space. 3
b) Prove that l_2 is a Hilbert space w.r.t. an inner product to be defined by you. 4
c) Show that inner product in a linear space is a continuous function. 3
5. a) Define an orthonormal set in an inner product space. Prove that any orthonormal set of vectors in an inner product space is linearly independent. 1+3
b) If N_1 and N_2 are normal operators defined on a Hilbert space H such that either commutes with the adjoint of the other then prove that $N_1 + N_2$ and $N_1 N_2$ are normal operators on H . 4
c) Prove that every self-adjoint operator is normal but converse may not be true. 2
6. a) Show that for every bounded linear operator $T: H \rightarrow H$ where H is a Hilbert space, its adjoint operator T^* exists and $\|T\| = \|T^*\|$. 5
b) Define normal operator on a Hilbert space. Prove that the set of all normal operators defined on a Hilbert space H is a closed subset of $B(H, H)$ where $B(H, H)$ is the set of all bounded linear operators defined on H . 1+4