

B.A./B.Sc. (Honours) Examination, 2017
Semester-II
Mathematics (Core)
Course: BMC-21
(Analysis-II)

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks: 40

Questions are of value as indicated in the margin.

Answer **Question No. 1** and **any three** from the rest.

1. Answer **any five** questions: 5×2=10
 - a) Find volume and surface area of a sphere of radius a .
 - b) Find asymptote of the curve $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$.
 - c) Suppose $A(a, a')$ and $B(b, b')$ are two points on a curve $y = f(x)$. Show that entire length of the arc $AB = \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + [f'(x)]^2} dx$.
 - d) Find the area between the curves $y = \sin x$ and $y = \cos x$ in $[0, \pi]$.
 - e) Show that $\limsup(a_n + b_n) \leq \limsup a_n + \limsup b_n$.
 - f) Show that the sequence $\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i} \right\}$ is an unbounded sequence.
 - g) State Leibnitz test for alternating series. Show that $\sum (-1)^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ is conditionally convergent.
2.
 - a) State and prove the necessary conditions for a power series representation of a function. 4
 - b) Expand $\sin x$ in power series. 3
 - c) State Taylor's theorem with Cauchy's form of remainder. Show that it is a generalisation of Lagrange's mean value theorem. 3
3.
 - a) Define envelope of a family of curves. Show that the envelope touches every member of the family at characteristic points. 1+4
 - b) Find the envelope of the family of circles whose centres lie on the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ and which passes through its centre. 5
4.
 - a) If ρ_1 and ρ_2 be the radii of curvatures at the ends P and D of conjugate diameters CP and CD respectively on the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, where C being the centre of the ellipse, then show that $\rho_1^{2/3} + \rho_2^{2/3} = \frac{a^2 + b^2}{(ab)^{2/3}}$. 5
 - b) Give a rough sketch of the curve $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta)$, $y = a(1 - \cos \theta)$, and find the length of its one arc. 5
5.
 - a) Show that a Cauchy sequence is convergent. 4

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- b) Define upper and lower limits of a sequence. Show that they are equal if and only if the sequence is convergent. 2+4
6. a) Find the total area bounded by the cardioid $r = a(1 - \cos \theta)$. 4
- b) State comparison test in limit form for a series of positive terms and prove it. 3
- c) What is a p -series? Show that a p -series diverges for $p \geq 1$. 3
7. a) State and prove Kummer's test for the series of positive terms. Show that Raabe's test can be derived from Kummer's test. 4+2
- b) Show that the series
- $$\frac{1^2}{2^2} + \frac{1^2 \cdot 3^2}{2^2 \cdot 4^2} + \frac{1^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5^2}{2^2 \cdot 4^2 \cdot 6^2} + \dots \text{ is divergent.}$$
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