

# M.A./M.Sc. Examination, 2017

Semester - II

Mathematics

Course: MMC-22

( Topology )

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks: 40

Questions are of value as indicated in the margin.

Answer *any four* questions

1. a) State and prove Schroeder-Berstein theorem. 5  
b) Show for any set  $A$ ,  $\overline{\overline{A}} = \overline{A}$ . 3  
c) Prove that any nondegenerated interval has the same cardinality as that of  $\mathbb{R}$ . 2
  2. a) If  $\tau_l$  and  $\tau_u$  be respectively the lower limit and upper limit topologies on  $\mathbb{R}$  then show that  
i) if  $\tau$  is a topology on  $\mathbb{R}$  containing  $\tau_l \cup \tau_u$  then  $\tau$  is the discrete topology on  $\mathbb{R}$ . 2  
ii) If  $\tau = \tau_l \cap \tau_u$  then  $\tau$  is the usual topology on  $\mathbb{R}$ . 2  
b) Let  $X$  be a nonempty set and for each  $x \in X$ ,  $\eta_x$  be a family of subsets of  $X$  satisfying  
i)  $U \in \eta_x \Rightarrow x \in U$   
ii)  $U, V \in \eta_x \Rightarrow U \cap V \in \eta_x$   
iii)  $U \supset V \in \eta_x \Rightarrow U \in \eta_x$   
iv) For  $U \in \eta_x$  there exists  $V \in \eta_x$  such that  $V \subset U$  and  $V \in \eta_y \forall y \in V$ .  
Then show that there is a unique topology  $\tau$  on  $X$  such that  $\eta_x$  coincides with the family of all  $\tau$ -neighbourhoods of  $x$ . 4  
c) Show that in a topological space  $X$ ,  $X \setminus \overline{A} = (X \setminus A)^\circ$ ,  $A \subset X$ . 2
  3. a) Prove that a set  $A$  in a topological space  $X$  is dense iff  $A$  intersects every nonempty open set in  $X$ . Is the set of reals with cocountable topology separable? Answer with justifications. 3+2  
b) Prove that every 2nd countable space is Lindeloff. Give an example of a 1st countable space which is not 2nd countable. 3+2
  4. a) Prove that a topological space is  $T_1$  iff every single point set is closed. Give an example of  $T_1$  space which is not  $T_2$ . 2+2  
b) Prove that every completely regular space is a regular space. 3  
c) Prove that a topological space is normal iff for any closed set  $F$  and for any open set  $U \supset F$  there is an open set  $V$  such that  $U \supset \overline{V} \supset V \supset F$ . 3
  5. a) Prove that every compact Hausdorff space is normal. 4  
b) Prove that every real-valued continuous function over a compact space is bounded and attains its bounds. Give an example to show that the result does not hold if the compactness of the space is withdrawn. 4+2
  6. a) Prove that a set of real numbers is connected with respect to usual topology iff it is an interval. Prove that continuous image of a connected space is connected. Prove that no function over  $\mathbb{R}$  with rational values is continuous with respect to usual topology. 3+2+1  
b) Prove that cartesian product of two connected spaces is connected. 4
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