

**M.A./M.Sc. Examination, 2017**  
**Semester-IV**  
**Mathematics**  
**Course: MMO-41**  
**( Advanced Functional Analysis-II )**

**Time: Three Hours**

**Full Marks: 40**

*Questions are of value as indicated in the margin.*

Answer any **four** questions.

1. a) Prove that every closed convex subset of a Hilbert space  $H$  has a unique member of smallest norm. 4  
 b) Show that a Hilbert space  $H$  contains a complete orthonormal sequence iff  $H$  is separable. 4  
 c) Let  $M \subset H$  where  $H$  is a Hilbert space. Prove that  $M^\perp$  (orthogonal complement of  $M$ ) is a closed subspace of  $H$ . 2
  
2. a) Let  $f$  be a sesquilinear form defined on a Hilbert space and  $\hat{f}$  be the associated quadratic form of  $f$ . Prove that  $f$  is bounded iff  $\hat{f}$  is bounded and moreover  $\|\hat{f}\| \leq \|f\| \leq 2\|\hat{f}\|$ . 3  
 b) Prove that for every bounded linear operator  $T : H \rightarrow H$  where  $H$  is a Hilbert space its adjoint operator  $T^*$  exists satisfying  $\|T\| = \|T^*\|$ . 4  
 c) Show that the collection of all self-adjoint operators defined on a real Hilbert space  $H$  form a closed subspace of  $B(H, H)$  where  $B(H, H)$  is the set of all bounded linear operators defined on  $H$ . 3
  
3. a) If  $N_1$  and  $N_2$  are normal operators defined on a Hilbert space  $H$  such that either commutes with the adjoint of the other. Prove that  $N_1 + N_2$  and  $N_1N_2$  are normal operators on  $H$ . 4  
 b) Let  $T : H \rightarrow H$  be a self-adjoint operator where  $H$  is a Hilbert space. Show that 
$$\|T\| = \sup \{ |\langle Tx, x \rangle| : \|x\| = 1 \}.$$
 4  
 c) Prove that every self-adjoint operator is normal but converse may not be true. 2
  
4. a) Show that the spectrum  $\sigma(T)$  of a bounded linear operator  $T$  on a complex Banach space  $X$  is compact (assume  $\sigma(T) \neq \emptyset$ ). 5  
 b) Prove that residual spectrum  $\sigma_r(T)$  of a bounded self-adjoint linear operator  $T : H \rightarrow H$  (where  $H$  is a complex Hilbert space) is empty. 3  
 c) Let  $T \in B(H, H)$  where  $H$  is a Hilbert space. Then prove that 
$$\sigma(T^*) = \{ k \in \mathbb{C} : \bar{k} \in \sigma(T) \},$$
 symbols bear their usual meaning. 2
  
5. a) Let  $A$  be a complex Banach algebra with identity. Show that for any  $x \in A$ , the spectrum  $\sigma(x) \neq \emptyset$ . 6  
 b) Define a total orthonormal set in a Hilbert space. Establish the Bessel's inequality for an orthonormal set of vectors in a Hilbert space. 1+3

**P.T.O.**

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6. a) Prove that spectral radius  $r_\sigma(T)$  of a bounded linear operator  $T$  defined on a complex Banach space can be expressed as

$$r_\sigma(T) = \overline{\lim}_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\|T^n\|}. \quad 5$$

- b) Let  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  be two projection operators on a Hilbert space  $H$ . Prove that  $P_1 + P_2$  is a projection operator on  $H$  iff  $P_1(H)$  and  $P_2(H)$  are orthogonal. 3
- c) Show that every unitary operator on a Hilbert space is isometric but not conversely. 2
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